1292. The next table gives the tons of freight carried and the number of men employed from 1876 to 1894 :---

VESSELS ARRIVED AT AND DEPARTED FROM CANADIAN PORTS ON INLAND WATERS BETWEEN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES, GIVING FREIGHT CARRIED, 1876 TO 1894.

NATIONALITIES.	Year.	Number of Vessels.	Tons Register.	FREIGHT.		Number of
				Tons Weight.	Tons Measure- ment.	Men.
Canadian}	1876	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}15,392\\11,192\end{array}\right.$	2,184,790 1,815,645	775,540 654,875	499,906 198,277	126,976 85,503
Canadian	1877	15,431	2,207,832	721,601	486,344	131,286
United States $\ldots $ \int Canadian \ldots		13,522	2,238,590 2,955,331	715,541 856,508	222,356 549,074	93,009 152,087
United States	1878	12,508	1,415,175	544,798	228,266	95,580
Canadian	1879	18,122	3,314,829	857,903	493,963	156,014
United States		12,718 (22,858	2,243,433 4,985,753	632,389 1,340,804	221,768 604,269	89,763 235,266
United States	1880	11,648	1,805,378	501,292	219,441	77,294
Canadian	1881	1 20,592	4,029,027	1,472,518	635,794	173,266
United States		12,197	1,669,068	499,734	286,867	68,784
Canadian	1882	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 22,252\\ 12,230 \end{array} \right.$	3,830,109 1,613,211	1,306,529 448,120	759,027 266,087	$181,584 \\ 68,653$
Canadian	1009	20,041	3,950,692	1,097,052	728,294	181,991
United States	1883	1 13,281	1,847,266	605,462	266,789	79,882
Canadian	1884	∫ 19,464	4,058,738	1,175,152	561,160	175,484
United States		13,349 (18,926)	1,815,987 4.849.856	655,457 1,163,459	$171,096 \\ 621,743$	85,785 193,243
United States	1885	11,033	1,590,241	582,266	307,685	75,343
Canadian	1886	18,153	4,116,674	1,067,279	600,746	187,822
United States	1000	12,804	1,807,987	618,204	304,943	81,019
Canadian}	1887	$\left\{\begin{array}{c}18,059\\13,726\end{array}\right.$	3,931,523 1,797,039	1,255,009 549,741	439,625 221,948	171,405
Canadian	1000	19,567	4.320,402	1,486,830	590,526	95,461 179,412
United States	1888	13,929	1,699,103	448,397	517,892	96,718
Canadian	1889	$\int 21,543$	5,036,438	1,346,944	628,137	212,440
United States		14,970	1,721,182	650,609	288,217	93,394
Canadian	1890	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 24,527\\ 16,774 \end{array} \right.$	6,000,194 2,117,621	1,416,217 825,448	572,057 304,795	267,878 89,381
Canadian	1891	22,002	5,724,339	1,562,808	632,682	245,741
United States	1991	1 16,006	2,383,113	836,538	232,927	112,273
Canadian	1892	19,224	5,546,243	1,519,121	370,560	239,933
United States		15,158	2,393,238	749,817	152,004	123,874
Canadian	1893	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 19,612\\ 16,022 \end{array}\right.$	5,108,226 2,822,697	1,181,043 828,325	287,554 290,056	232,907 135,837
Canadian	1004	(20,939	5,917,145	954.518	304,411	262,204
United States	1894	16,727	3,155,400	1,005,685	275,194	136,235
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Taking 1894 and 1884 for purposes of comparison, we have in 1894 an increase in the number of vessels which entered Canadian inland ports of 14,853, in the tonnage of the vessels of 3,197,820, and in the number of men, 137,170. The tons of freight carried in connection with the 47,666 trips made by vessels engaged in this trade in 1894 amounted to 2,639,808 tons, of which 1,960,203 tons were in the class of freight charged by weight, and 579,605 tons in the class charged by measurement. In 1884 the 32,813 trips made resulted in the transport of 2,562,865 tons of goods, of which 1,830,609 tons were in the class of freight charged by weight, and